

Rutland East Leicestershire and Rutland County Council Clinical Commissioning Group

RUTLAND JOINT HEALTH AND WELLBEING STRATEGY

2013 - 2016

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INTRODUCTION

The Health and Social Care Act 2012 places a duty upon Rutland County Council to set up a Health and Wellbeing Board, a Shadow Board was formed in 2011 and the Board has since been approved as a Statutory Committee of Rutland County Council.

Partner organisations of the Rutland Health and Wellbeing Board (as at June 2013) include:

- Rutland County Council (Local Authority, including Public Health)
- East Leicestershire and Rutland Clinical Commissioning Group (NHS)
- Lincolnshire and Leicestershire Local Area Team Commissioning Board (NHS)
- Local Healthwatch (represented by Rutland Local involvement Network until later in 2013)
- Spire Homes
- Rutland Health and Social Care Forum (Voluntary and Community Sector)

The Rutland Health and Wellbeing Board has developed a Joint Strategy; this is a statement of the Board's vision, priorities and goals based on the findings of the Rutland Joint Strategic Needs Assessment (JSNA) 2012. The JSNA was consulted on widely; this included a well-represented Stakeholder event during 2012. Other local evidence based information such as our organisational plans have been used to inform the strategy, including:

- East Leicestershire and Rutland Clinical Commissioning Group Organisational Plan for 2013-2014
- Lincolnshire and Leicestershire Local Area Team NHS Commissioning Board Organisational Priorities
- Rutland Children, Young People and Families Plan 2012-2015
- Rutland County Council Strategic Aims and Objectives
- Spire Homes Organisational Priorities
- Staying Healthy in Rutland Strategy 2011
- Common emerging issues identified by Rutland Local Involvement Network
- Common emerging issues identified by the Rutland Health and Social Care Forum

The Board will expect that the commissioning plans of Rutland County Council and the local NHS are consistent with this strategy, as required by the Health and Social Care Act 2012.

This strategy is not meant to cover everything that impacts on health and wellbeing but areas that the Board aims to tackle in partnership. 4 overarching themes have been identified; these are all issues that influence health and wellbeing currently and will even more so in years to come.

CONTEXT

Rutland is a healthy place; it is also the happiest place to live in England¹.

Most measures indicate good general health and life expectancy is higher than the national average. Levels of socio-economic deprivation in Rutland are amongst the lowest in the country.

However, Rutland is changing - as the population grows older and young people with disabilities live longer, there will be additional challenges to keeping Rutland a healthy place to live. For example, heart disease, cancer and respiratory problems will become more common and demand on health and social care services will grow. Prevention and early intervention will be essential in this context, including tackling lifestyle risk factors for the major killers, such as smoking, excessive alcohol intake, obesity and lack of exercise.

Health inequalities also persist in Rutland and there are pockets of deprivation which can prove to be a challenge in relation to the delivery of health and wellbeing services. Ill health is often more prevalent in people who are vulnerable and/or disadvantaged, for example through poverty, disability or older age, and many of these groups often find it difficult to engage with statutory services. Tackling inequalities in health and wellbeing outcomes continues to be a challenge and driver for change.

AIM OF THE STRATEGY

- To reinforce our relationship as a Board
- Set out our joint commissioning intentions in a meaningful way

OUR VISION

'To continuously improve the health and wellbeing of the people of Rutland, and ensure Rutland remains the healthiest place to live in the UK'

¹ Office of National Statistics 2012: The Integrated Household Survey and the Opinions and Lifestyle Survey

To realise this vision the Board will:

- Recognise unmet local need
- Be transparent and accountable to the public
- Offer high quality services that are value for money
- Reduce dependence on health and social care services
- Work in a more integrated way to deliver services

OUR PRINCIPLES

Empowerment based on:

- ✤ A shared responsibility
- Communities looking after themselves
- Encouraging people to make informed healthy choices
- Communication sharing success and learning

Provision based on:

- Prioritising the most vulnerable
- Doing more for less
- Listening to service users and the public, and acting on what they tell us
- Taking advantage of Rutland's small size to utilize our resources and assets so we can target those most in need

OUR PRIORITIES

The Rutland Health and Wellbeing Board wrote a strategic statement to outline Rutland's broad priorities; these have been linked to themes which the board wishes to tackle. The links are demonstrated in a table on page 6.

Themes have been prioritised on the basis that one organisation alone cannot address all the causes or offer all the solutions. They require partners to work together.

Priorities outlined in the Rutland Health and Wellbeing Strategic Statement 2012-13	Themes carried forward to this strategy
Starting well – improving the health of	Giving children & young people
children, young people and their families	the best possible start
Living well – addressing lifestyle risk factors,	
including improving access to health	
improvement services	Enable people to take
	responsibility for their own
Carers – Including informal care and care for	health
and by young people	
Long term conditions – early intervention and	
long term support in chronic illness	
Mental health and wellbeing – including impact	
of social and economic pressures on mental	
health	Help people to live the longest healthiest life they can
Tackling the wider determinants of health	
Meeting the needs of an aging population –	
improving and supporting independent living	
and complex care needs including dementia	
Access - including geographical and social	Making health and social care
barriers	services more accessible

Theme	Priority	Goals	Plans (existing and proposed – what else needs to be done)	Outcomes	Responsible Subgroup
people the best possible t	Vulnerable Families Some families experience problems due to financial, health or relationship difficulties. Some children are growing up in families which are unable to support them adequately either practically or emotionally	To identify and target vulnerable families To improve support for families with multiple problems To focus resources on those families most in need To reduce child poverty	Children's Trust to lead on completing this following public consultation	Children's Trust to lead on completing this following public consultation	Children's Trust
1. Giving children & young people the best possible start	Vulnerable Teenagers Ensure a smooth transition into adulthood. The teenage years are a critical period of growth and change. They are an important time for making significant life choices and decisions.	Provide a holistic offer of recreational and learning opportunities that enhance young people's social, emotional, health and personal development outside of the school curriculum.	Children's Trust to lead on completing this following public consultation	Children's Trust to lead on completing this following public consultation	Children's Trust

r own health	<u>Obesity</u> : Childhood and adult obesity prevalence poses a significant risk to the health of the population and the increased use of health services	To increase the percentage of children and adults who are a healthy weight by providing a range of interventions focussed on physical activity and healthy eating	Staying Healthy to lead on completing this following public consultation	Staying Healthy to lead on completing this following public consultation	Staying Healthy
2. Enable people to take responsibility for their own health	Smoking: Smoking remains the largest preventable cause of ill health and premature death in Rutland	To further reduce the prevalence of smoking by helping smokers to quit and influencing young people not to start in the first place	Staying Healthy to lead on completing this following public consultation	Staying Healthy to lead on completing this following public consultation	Staying Healthy
2. Enable people to t	<u>Alcohol</u> : Excessive alcohol consumption is associated with significant short and long term harm to health.	To reduce the harm caused by alcohol, tackling both binge drinking and longer term drinking in excess of recommended levels.	Staying Healthy to lead on completing this following public consultation	Staying Healthy to lead on completing this following public consultation	Staying Healthy

	Frail Elderly Population:	To have an integrated Health and	Complex	Complex	Complex
	Our elderly population is above	Social care service that is able to	Needs to lead	Needs to lead	Needs
	the national average in number	identify and assess those with	on	on completing	
	and rising, have increasingly	complex needs who are at risk of	completing	this following	
	complex health and social	losing their ability of independent	this following	public	
c	needs.	living, and thus put in place short	public	consultation	
cal		and long term support	consultation		
Help people live the longest healthiest life they can	<u>Dementia:</u>	To have Health and Social services	Complex	Complex	Complex
t	Our elderly with dementia, are	that both encourages and enables	Needs to lead	Needs to lead	Needs
ife	currently often unrecognised,	those who are worried about or	on	on completing	
t III	and will require increasing	at risk of, developing dementia	completing	this following	
ies	health and social care in future.	(and their carers), to receive	this following	public	
lth		appropriate assessment,	public	consultation	
ea		treatment and support.	consultation		
th	Cancer:	To ensure all of our population ,	Staying	Staying	Staying
ses	Whilst we have a good cancer	but especially those in deprived	Healthy to	Healthy to	Healthy
βu	care and screening record	groups, not only have access to,	lead on	lead on	
	across the county generally, we	but also are encouraged to use	completing	completing	
the	need to ensure this is	the health services that provide	this following	this following	
,e	maintained and is more	both care, early diagnosis, and	public	public	
i.	equitable, especially in the more	screening in cancer.	consultation	consultation	
ple	deprived groups.				
loa	Depression and Anxiety:	To increase awareness and use of	Complex	Complex	Complex
ğ	This is a common problem,	current and future services within	Needs to lead	Needs to lead	Needs
elp	especially in the elderly and	primary care, social care and	on	on completing	
	isolated.	voluntary sector that support and	completing	this following	
'n		help those with stress related	this following	public	
	There is a recognised social	problems, depression and / or	public	consultation	
	stigma that prevents people	anxiety.	consultation		
	looking for help.				

Hospital Discharges:	Maximising the opportunities for	Complex	Complex	Complex
People may stay in hospital	people to receive care and	Needs to lead	Needs to lead	Needs
longer than is medically	treatment within the community	on	on completing	
required	rather than in hospital or other	completing	this following	
	residential setting.	this following	public	
		public	consultation	
		consultation		

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